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woman whom her husband may find in some adultery. Was this suggested by the story of the woman taken in adultery? The story ends $\mu \eta$ кérı d \& $\mu$ áprave (John viii II, cf. v. 14), and similarly 'Hermas' in his dialogue on the said case makes the Shepherd say, 'Eỳ our ou'
 iv 1. 11, cf. 3. 2). An obvious inference is that he perhaps knew the Pericope, though not necessarily as part of any canonical writing.

In Apost. Const. the rare word kapoьywiorns is used in connexion with the Pericope, and this use of it is traceable through the Syriac and the Latin to the Didascalia. In the Pastor the word is used in one place only, and there (Mand. iv 3. 4) in connexion with the case of the woman found in some adultery. This and other coincidences confirm the hypothesis that the author of Hermac Pastor knew the Pericope, and seem to show that he was also acquainted with a primitive didarkuia upon it.

The above note is an abstract of a paper read in May last (1902) to the Cambridge Theological Society.

C. Taylor.

## A NEW SEPTUAGINT FRAGMENT.

Mr. Baldrey, of the Cambridge University Library, has discovered a Hebrew-Greek palimpsest in the Taylor-Schechter collection, containing in its four consecutive pages of Greek a fragmentary uncial text of Psalms cxliii I -cxliv 6 according to the Septuagint.
 $\sigma \omega \nu$ к.т. $\lambda$. (ver. 2), and we can work back to a slight trace of part of
 $[0] i$ vioi aùrầ ós ve . . (ver. i2). The psalm ends $\overline{\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{s}}$ aùroû in line 4 from the end of page 3 .

Psalm cxliv. Verse 1 begins [ Y$] \psi \psi^{\prime} \sigma \omega$ of $\delta \overline{\theta_{s}} \mu \mathrm{ov}$ in the penultimate line of page 3, and the fourth and last page ends [кai] Tìv Súmauv
 [ $\delta \downarrow \eta] \gamma \dot{\eta} \sigma o r \pi a l$ (ver. 6).
C. Taylor.
[We hope to publish a further account of this fragment in the next number of the Journal.-EDitors.]

